Staying in line

etathe Milky Way stays After making a poo ball, dung beetles make a quick getaway. This is to stop other beetles stealing it. The best way to travel as far as possible is to run in a straight line. To do this, the beetles check the position of the Milky Way in the sky.

The Milky Way is a galaxy containing our planet and billions

pale line across the sky.

of stars. From Earth, it looks like a

Other animals use the night sky to navigate, but different species look for different objects in space.



Moths:fly in a straight line by keeping the position of the Moon in one place. Sometimes they mistake light bulbs for the Moon and fly round in circles.



Garden warblers use the stars to guide them on long migrations from Europe or Asia to Africa in winter.

Nocturnal African dung beetle

Dung beetles

Dung beetles lay their eggs in the poo of larger animals. When each ego hatches, the larva eat the poo! Some beetles make the poo into a ball and roll it to a safe place before laying a single egg in it.



If the sky is cloud so the stars aren visible, the beetle gets confused and can end up goin

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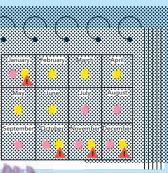


This pika is a small mammal that loves to eat plants.
Some pikas live high up in the mountains, where there is lots to eat in summer but nothing in winter. They store vegetation when it's warm to keep them going until spring, but how do they make sure the food doesn't

rot? With a bit of plant expertise.

Pikas

Pikas collect lots of plants to store. Purple Parry's clover is a favourite; however, it doesn't last long before it rots. Yellow alpine avens contains chemicals that are poisonous to begin with, but they help to keep the plant fresher for longer.



Acorn woodpeckers collect acorns in the autumn and store them in holes they have drilled into a chosen tree trunk.

The acorns are then eaten over winter.

Pikas aren't the only animals that know

about plants. Other animals also store

vegetation, or even use it as medicine!



Gorillas use certain plants as medicines. They swallow some hairy leaves whole, which helps get rid of parasites from their gut.

Januar Fe

Parry's clover

Alpine avens



 Summer
 In summer, Parry's
 Had a long and a long are and along a long are along are along and a long are along are along a long a long are along a long are along a long are along a long a l

Harvest time The pika stores plants in a haypile, hidden in a rocky cave. The pika stores both the clover and avens. The avens won't be edible for a few months, but it will last into the winter.

American

pika

Autumn menu In autumn, the pika starts to eat the stored clover; however, the avens is still too poisonous. The clover needs to be finished up before it rots.

Winter The clover has run out, out now the poisonous phenol in the avens has faded away and the plant is safe to eat. This keeps the pika going through winter.

3 months later



Think about what you eat. Are there any foods you eat only in the Winter? Or foods you only eat in the Summer? Suitable for 7-9 years

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